



MILAGRES COLLEGE

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Amino Acids, Proteins and Peptides :

Classification based on functional group, Essential and non essential amino acids, structure and stereochemistry of amino acids- explanation, Acid-base behaviour, Isoelectric point and electrophoresis-explanation, Preparation of α amino acids from α halogenated acids, Strecker synthesis and Gabriel synthesis. Reactions due to COOH and NH_2 groups. Action of heat, structure and nomenclature of di-, tri- and polypeptides. Classification of proteins based on chemical composition and molecular shape. Peptide structure determination- end group analysis, selective hydrolysis of peptides, classical peptide synthesis, solid phase peptide synthesis, levels of protein structure-primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structures, Denaturation of proteins.

4 Hrs

UNIT - IV

Structure and reactions of Carboxylic acids and their derivatives :

Structure of carboxylic acid and carboxylate ion, Effect of substituents on the acidity of aliphatic and aromatic carboxylic acids(ortho effect). Reactions of carboxylic acids, with mechanism-i) Homologation-Arndt-Eistert reaction ii) Degradation to alkyl halides Hunsdiecker reaction iii) Conversion to primary amines-Curtius rearrangement iv) Conversion to haloacids-HVZ reaction. Derivatives of carboxylic acids- acid chlorides, amides, esters, anhydrides-preparation and reactions.

5 Hrs

Alkaloids:

Classification with examples-pyridine, piperidine, quinoline, isoquinoline and indole alkaloids. General properties-formation of salts and exhaustive methylation, physical properties and physiological activity. Structural elucidation of nicotine and Ephedrine including synthesis. Structural formulae of atropine, cocaine, hygrine and morphine.

5 Hrs

CH 352 : Chemistry Paper VIII

3 Hrs/Week(40Hrs)

UNIT I

J.R.F. Colorimetry and Spectrophotometry :

Introduction, theory of colorimetry and spectrophotometry. Beer-Lambert's law. Instrumentation and applications of colorimetry and spectrophotometry.

4 Hrs

Ultraviolet (UV) absorption spectroscopy :

Absorption laws -Beer-Lambert law, Concept of molar absorptivity, energy level, types of electronic excitations, Frank-Condon principle(explanation about red shift and blue shift), presentation and analysis of UV spectra, types of electronic transitions, effect of conjugation. Concept of chromophore and auxochrome. Bathochromic, hypsochromic, hyperchromic and hypochromic shifts. UV spectra of conjugated dienes dienones and β -unsaturated carbonyl compounds.

6 Hrs

UNIT - II

S.K. Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) Spectroscopy :

Introduction, origin of spectra, instrumentation of PMR spectrometer, solvents used, scales, nuclear shielding and deshielding, number of signals obtained from the sample, position of signals and chemical shift and molecular structure, spin-spin splitting, spin notation and

8 Hrs

SYLLABUS VI SEMESTER

CH 351 : Chemistry Paper VII

3 Hrs/ week (40 Hours)

UNIT I

9K. Inorganic Polymers :

4 Hrs

Preparation, properties, structure and applications of Silicones, Fluorocarbons and Phosphonitrilic halides. Production and structural features of borazine boron nitride, sulphur nitride (SN)_x and silicon carbide.

Composites :

2 Hrs

Introduction, role of matrix in composites, types of matrix, different matrix materials, reinforcement, classification of composites and applications of composites in industry.

Synthetic Polymers :

4 Hrs

Types of polymerization (i) radical polymerization (ii) cationic polymerization and (iii) anionic polymerization. Zeigler-Natta polymerization. Phenol formaldehyde resins-e.g. Bakelite, urea-formaldehyde resins, epoxy resins and polyurethanes-preparation and applications. Natural rubber-composition. Synthetic rubbers: Buna-S and SBR-preparation and applications, advantages of synthetic rubbers over natural rubbers.

UNIT - II

Photochemistry :

6 Hrs

Interaction of radiation with matter, difference between thermal and photochemical processes. primary and secondary processes of a photochemical reaction, Laws of photochemistry : Grothus - Drapper law, Stark - Einstein law, (only statement) Jablonski diagram depicting various processes occurring in the excited state, qualitative description of fluorescence, phosphorescence, non-radiative processes (internal conversion, intersystem crossing), quantum yield definition, reasons for low and high quantum yield, one example for low quantum yield (combination of H₂ and Br₂) and one example for high yield (combination of H₂ and Cl₂), photosensitized reactions-energy transfer processes definition of photosensitisation. (e.g.: Photosynthesis in plants, dissociation of H₂, dissociation of ethylene, Isomerisation of 2-butene).

Radiation and Nuclear Chemistry :

4 Hrs

Radiolysis of water, radiation dosimetry, dosimeter, applications in organic and inorganic reactions. Application of radioisotopes in the study of organic reaction mechanism, medicine and soil fertility. Industrial applications.

UNIT III

Carbohydrates : Fr. PAC

6 Hrs

Monosaccharides : Interconversion of glucose and fructose, chain lengthening of aldoses. (Kiliani-Fischer method), Chain shortening (Ruff degradation), Conversion of glucose into mannose-epimerisation, Mechanism of osazone formation - Amadori rearrangement, Formation of glycosides, ethers (methyl), esters (acetates) Configuration of glucose and fructose-deduction. Determination of ring size of monosaccharides (methylation and periodic acid method). Elucidation of cyclic structure of D(+) glucose. Mechanism of mutarotation.

SYLLABUS FIFTH SEMESTER

CH-302 Chemistry Paper VI

3 Hrs / Wk

UNIT - I

Elementary Quantum Mechanics :

Quantum theory of radiation (Black-body radiation), Planck's radiation law, black body radiation, photoelectric effect, Compton effect, De-Broglie hypothesis, Heisenberg principle, Sinusoidal wave equation, Hamiltonian operator, Schrodinger wave equation and its importance, physical interpretation of the wave function, postulates of quantum mechanics (statements only), particle in a one dimensional box, setting of Schrodinger equation for H-atom (no separations of variables or solutions), quantum numbers and their importance.

Raman spectroscopy :

Classical and quantum theories of Raman effect. Concept of polarizability and anisotropy. Rotational and vibrational Raman spectra, selection rules.

UNIT-II

Electronic spectra of Transition Metal Complexes :

Introduction , L-S coupling or R-S coupling. Term symbol, Micro states, ground states for d^{1-9} system, Terms generated by ligands. Electronic Spectra of transition metal complexes, Types of d-d Transition, or crystal field transitions, Charge transfer transitions, ligand to metal and metal to ligand, intraligand transitions, Selection rules for d-d transitions, Spin selection rule, Laporte selection rule, relaxation of selection rule (vibronic coupling), multiplicity, forbidden transition, Orgel energy level diagram Explanations, Orgel diagram for d^1 and d^9 states, discussion of electronic spectra of $[Ti(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$ and $[Ti(NH_3)_4]SO_4$ complexes.

Flame photometry.

General principle, instrumentation, interferences and applications.

Thermoanalytical methods : Principle, instrumentation and applications. Thermogravimetric analysis, Derivative Thermogravimetry and Differential Thermal Analysis. Nature of TGA, DTA & DTA curves

SYLLABUS

FIFTH SEMESTER

CH 301 : Chemistry Paper V

3 Hrs / week (40 Hrs)

UNIT I

Application of metal complexes and complexation :

3 Hrs

Applications of complexes and complex formation in metallurgy, -Ag, Au, Al, Ni extractions.

Volumetric analysis - Complexiometry, masking, demasking, external indicator.

Qualitative analysis - Test for Ferrous and Ferric ions, separation of copper from Cadmium.

Gravimetric analysis - Precipitation of Nickel, Magnesium and Aluminium ions.

Thermodynamic and Kinetic Aspects of Metal Complexes

3 Hrs

Thermodynamic stability of metal complexes (Brief outline), stepwise formation of complexes, stepwise formation and overall formation constants. Relation between K and β , $\Delta G = -2.303 RT \log \beta$.

Factors affecting the stability - chelate effect, account for high ΔS values. Labile and inert nature of complexes. Substitution reactions of square planar complexes - Pt(II) complexes, syntheses of cis and trans $[\text{Pt}(\text{NH}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2]$ complexes, trans effect.

Magnetic Properties of Transition Metal Complexes

4 Hrs

Origin of magnetism, magnetic induction, magnetic flux density, magnetic moment per unit volume χ_M , χ_M^{corr} . Types of magnetic behaviour - dia, para, Ferro magnetic and anti ferromagnetic properties - examples, cause (origin), magnetic susceptibility -data, sign, magnitude, temperature and field dependence.

Factor's determining para-magnetism, study of magnetic behaviour of first row transition elements. Methods of determining magnetic susceptibility, Gouy's method, expression for μ_{eff} and χ_M^{corr} . (no derivation) spin-only formula. Correlation of μ_s and μ_{eff} values, $\mu_{\text{eff}} = \mu_s (1 - \alpha \frac{\lambda}{\Delta})$. orbital contribution to magnetic moments, quenching of orbital angular moment. Application of magnetic moment data for 3d-metal complexes - predicting geometry of complexes.

MANGALORE UNIVERSITY

SYLLABUS FOR B.Sc PHYSICS (OPTIONAL)

SCHEME OF INSTRUCTIONS AND EXAMINATIONS

Semester & Course code	Lectures Practicals (hours per week)	Duration of Exam (Hrs)	Max marks			Credits
			Marks for final Exam	Marks for I.A	Total Marks	
<u>I Sem</u>						
PHC 103	4	3	80	20	100	2
PHC 104 (Pract)	3	3	40	10	50	1
<u>II Sem</u>						
PHC 152	4	3	80	20	100	2
PHC 153 (Pract)	3	3	40	10	50	1
<u>III Sem</u>						
PHC 203	4	3	80	20	100	2
PHC 204 (Pract)	3	3	40	10	50	1
<u>IV Sem</u>						
PHC 253	4	3	80	20	100	2
PHC 254 (Pract)	3	3	40	10	50	1
<u>V Sem</u>						
PHC 307	3	3	80	20	100	2
PHC 308	3	3	80	20	100	2
PHC 309 (Pract.)	4	3	80	20	100	2
<u>V Sem</u>						
PHC 357	3	3	80	20	100	2
PHC 358	3	3	80	20	100	2
PHC 359 (Pract.)	4	3	80	20	100	2

Titles of theory papers with code

PHC 103 : General Physics I

PHC 152 : General Physics II

PHC 203 : Optics

PHC 253 : Electricity & X-ray Crystallography

PHC 307 : Modern Physics

PHC 308 : Condensed Matter Physics

PHC 357: Nuclear Physics

PHC : 358 : Electronics

Code Nos. Of Practical paper

PHC 104 : Practical I

PHC 153 : Practical II

PHC 204 : Practical III

PHC 254 : Practical IV

PHC 309 : Practical V

PHC 359 : Practical VI

R. N. S. S. S.
Chairman

Departmental Council of Physics
Mangalore University
Mangalagangothri - 574 198

MANGALORE UNIVERSITY

Office of the Registrar
Mangalagangothri- 574199

No. MU/ACC/CR62/2013-14/A2

Date: 31/5/2014

NOTIFICATION

Sub: Revised syllabus of Mathematics an optional
subject for B.Sc. degree programme.

Ref: Academic Council decision No. 1: 3 (2014-15)
dated 24-5-2014.

* * * * *

The revised syllabus of Mathematics an optional subject for B.Sc. degree programme which was approved by the Academic Council at its meeting held on 24-5-2014 is hereby notified for implementation with effect from the academic year 2014-15.

Sd/-

REGISTRAR

To:

- 1) The Principals of the colleges concerned.
- 2) The Registrar (Evaluation), Mangalore University.
- 3) The Chairman, UG BOS in Mathematics, Mangalore University.
- 4) The Superintendent, Academic Section, O/o. the Registrar, Mangalore University.
- 5) Guard file

MANGALORE UNIVERSITY

Mathematics Syllabus for B. Sc. (Credit Based Semester System) (New Revised Syllabus)

PREAMBLE

The Mathematics syllabus for B. Sc. in use at present was introduced from the academic year 2012-2013, by modifying the earlier syllabus, by introducing new text books and reference books. However, due to substantial changes in the syllabus of the pre-university course of Karnataka, introduced from the academic year 2012-2013, the U.G.B.O.S. decided to update the B. Sc. syllabus to keep pace with recent changes in the syllabus of pre-university course. The Board observed that important topics like Group Theory, Number Theory, Complex Analysis etc., are not given proper weightage in the present pre-university syllabus and hence it is necessary to frame a new syllabus for B. Sc. for introduction from the academic year 2014-2015. The following revised syllabus for B.Sc. Mathematics (Credit Based Semester System) of Mangalore University, framed by the U.G.B.O.S., has also taken into consideration the syllabus recommended by the UGC curriculum development committee and syllabi of other Universities of Karnataka. The syllabus is meant to be introduced from the academic year 2014-2015 and it is framed as per the prevailing guidelines of the Credit Based Semester System.

Course Pattern and Scheme of Examinations

Group II : Optional III : B.Sc. Mathematics

Semester	Paper	Hours per week	Duration of the Uni. Exam (hrs)	Marks		
				University Exams	Internal Assessment*	Total

I	MT 101 : Paper 1	6	3	120	30	150
II	MT 151 : Paper 2	6	3	120	30	150
III	MT 201 : Paper 3	6	3	120	30	150
IV	MT 251 : Paper 4	6	3	120	30	150
V	MT 301 : Paper 5	5	3	120	30	150
	MT 302 : Paper 6	5	3	120	30	150
	(Special Paper)**					
VI	MT 351 : Paper 7	5	3	120	30	150
	MT 352 : Paper 8	5	3	120	30	150
	(Special Paper)**					
				Total		1200

* For each paper, the internal assessment marks shall be awarded based on two tests conducted for the purpose.

** During the Vth & VIth Semesters, a student can opt for any one of the special papers offered in the syllabus.

Semester	Paper	Title of the papers
I	MT 101 : Paper 1	Number Theory and Calculus
II	MT 151 : Paper 2	Calculus, Group Theory and Differential Equations
III	MT 201 : Paper 3	Number Theory, Partial Derivatives and Group Theory
IV	MT 251 : Paper 4	Multiple Integrals, Complex Variables, Sequences and Series

V	MT 301 : Paper 5	Differential Equations and Ring Theory
	MT 302 : Paper 6 (Special paper)	6 a) Discrete Mathematics 6 b) Numerical Analysis
VI	MT 351 : Paper 7	Partial Differential Equations, Fourier Series and Linear Algebra
	MT 352 : Paper 8 (Special paper)	8 a) Graph Theory 8 b) Linear Programming and its Applications

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN FOR B.Sc. MATHEMATICS
(CREDIT BASED SEMESTER SYSTEM)
FOR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

- Each Question Paper, for Paper 1 to Paper 8, shall consist of two parts : Part A and Part B.
- The number of Questions in each part shall be as tabulated below for different papers:

Papers	Part A	Part B
	Short Answer Questions	Long Answer Questions
	No. of Questions	No. of Questions
Paper 1	15	10
Paper 2	15	10
Paper 3	15	10
Paper 4	15	10
Paper 5	15	10
Paper 6	15	10
Paper 7	15	10
Paper 8	15	10

Note 1 : Fifteen Questions in Part A shall equally cover all the units of the syllabus. Any ten questions shall be answered. Each question in Part A carries three marks for Paper 1 to Paper 8.

Note 2 : In Part B, all papers shall have two questions from each of the five units. Five full questions shall be answered, choosing one full question from each unit. Each question in Part B carries 18 marks for Paper 1 to Paper 8.

I Semester
MT 101:Paper1:Number Theory and Calculus
72 hours; 6 hrs/week

Unit 1 (15 hrs)

Number Theory: Division algorithm, the greatest common divisor, Euclidean algorithm, Diophantine equation, the fundamental theorem of arithmetic.

Text Book: Elementary Number theory by David M Burton, 6th Edition-Tata McGraw Hill

Chapter 2: Sections 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5

Chapter 3: Sections 3.1, 3.2

Unit 2 (14hrs)

Concavity- Curve Sketching: Definition of Concavity, Point of inflections, Second derivative test for local Extrema, graphing, applied optimization problems

Text Book: Thomas' calculus, by Maurice D. Weir, Joel Hass and Frank R. Giordano, 11th Edition, Pearson Publications, 2008.

Chapter 4: 4.4, 4.5

Unit 3 (14 hrs)

Limits of Finite Sums:Riemann sum, definite integral, Limits of Riemann sums,Integrable and non-integrable functions. Area under the graph of a non-negative function.Average value of continuous function. Mean value theorem for definite integrals.Fundamental theorem for definite integral.

Text Book: Thomas' calculus, by Maurice D. Weir, Joel Hass and Frank R. Giordano,

11th Edition, Pearson Publications, 2008.

Chapter 5: Section 5.2, 5.3, 5.4

Unit 4 (14 hrs)

Techniques of Integration: Products of powers of sines and cosines, tanx and cotx. Trigonometric substitution. Reduction formulas, numerical integration, trapezoidal rule.

Text Book: Thomas' calculus, by Maurice D. Weir, Joel Hass and Frank R. Giordano, 11th Edition, Pearson Publications, 2008.
Chapter 8: Section 8.4, 8.5, 8.7

Unit 5(15 hrs)

Conic sections and quadratic equations: Definitions, parabolas, Ellipses, Hyperbolas, classify conic section by eccentricity.

Quadratic equations and rotations, possible graphs of Quadratic equations, discriminant tests.

Text Book: Thomas' calculus, by Maurice D. Weir, Joel Hass and Frank R. Giordano, 11th Edition, Pearson Publications, 2008.
Chapter 10: Section 10.1, 10.2, 10.3

Reference books: (1) Number Theory by H.S. Hall, S.R. Knight, Maxford Books, 2008. (2) Calculus with Analytical Geometry by Louis Leithold, 5th edition, Harper and Row Publishers, New York, 1986.

II Semester

MT151: Paper 2: Calculus, Group Theory and Differential Equations 72 hours; 6 hrs/week

Unit 1(15 hrs)

Mean value theorem: Rolle's Theorem, mean value theorem. **Indeterminate forms and L'Hospital's rule:** Indeterminate form $\frac{0}{0}$, L'Hospital's rule (first form), L'Hospital's rule (stronger form), Cauchy's mean value theorem, indeterminate forms $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$, $\infty \cdot 0$, $\infty - 0$; Taylor's theorem, estimating the remainder. **Polar co-ordinates:** definition, relating polar and Cartesian co-ordinates, graphing in polar co-ordinates; symmetry, tests for symmetry, slope of curves, tracing curves. Areas and Lengths in polar co-ordinates, Area in the plane, area between curves, length of a polar curve.

Text Book: Thomas' calculus, by Maurice D.Weir,Joel Hass and Frank R.Giordano,11th edition,Pearson publications,2008.

Chapter 4: Section 4.2, 4.6

Chapter 10: Section 10.5, 10.6, 10.7

UNIT 2 (15hrs)

Applications of definite integrals:

Volumes by slicing and Rotation about axis:Definition of volume,calculating the volume of a solid,volume of a pyramid,volume of a wedge,solids of revolution:the disk method,washer method.

Volume by cylindrical shell method:finding the volumes by using shells,the shell method;rotation about y-axis and x-axis

Length of plane curves:Length of a parametrically defined curve-definition and derivation of formula for the length of $y=f(x)$

Text Book: Thomas' calculus, by Maurice D.Weir,Joel Hass and Frank R.Giordano,11th edition,Pearson publications,2008.

Chapter 6: Section 6.1, 6.2, 6.3

UNIT 3 (14 hrs)

Group Theory:

Introduction,binary operation,groups,subgroups,cyclic groups,permutation groups

Text Book: University algebra by N. S. Gopalakrishnan - revised second edition, New Age

International - 2009

Chapter 1: Section 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.11

UNIT 4 (14 hrs)

Differential equation:

Variable separable and homogeneous equations.Exact equations,linear equation of order one,integrating factors found by inspection, determination of integrating factors, Bernoulli's equation,co-efficients linear in the two variables.

Text Book: A Short Course in Differential equations by Earl D.Rainville and Phillip E.Bedient, 4th edition, IBM publishing company, Bombay 5.(1969)

Chapter 3: Section 10,11

Chapter 4: Section 18,19,21,22

UNIT 5 (14 hrs)

Applications of differential equations

Velocity of escape from the earth, Newton's law of cooling, simple chemical conversions, orthogonal trajectories-rectangular co-ordinates, orthogonal trajectories-polar co-ordinates.

Non-linear equations:

Factorizing the left member, singular solutions, the c-discriminant equations, the p-discriminant equation, eliminating the dependent variable, Clairaut's equation, dependent variable missing, independent variable missing.

Text Book: A Short Course in Differential equations by Earl D.Rainville and Phillip E.Bedient, 4th edition, IBM publishing company, Bombay 5(1969).

Chapter 3: Section 13,14,15,16,17

Chapter 16: Section 82,83,84,85,86,87,88,89

Reference books:

- (1) Calculus with Analytical geometry by Louis Leithold, 5th edition, Harper and Row publishers, New York, 1986.
- (2) Topics in algebra by I.N.Herstein, 2nd edition, John Wiley & sons, 2007.
- (3) Differential Equations with Applications and programs by S.Balachandra Rao and H.R.Anuradha, University Press, 2009.

III Semester

MT201: Paper 3: Number Theory, Partial Derivatives and Group Theory
72 hours; 6 hrs/week

Unit 1 (14 hrs)

The Theory of Congruences, Properties of Congruences, Binary and Decimal representation of integers, Linear Congruences and the Chinese Remainder theorem.

Text Book : Elementary Number Theory by David M. Burton - VI Edition

Chapter 4 : Sections 4.2, 4.3, 4.4.

UNIT 2 (14 hrs)

Fermat's Theorem, Wilson's Theorem, Euler's Phi-Function, Euler's Theorem, Some properties of Phi-Function, Finite continued fractions.

Text book : Elementary Number Theory by David M. Burton - VI Edition

Chapter 5 : Sections 5.2, 5.3

Chapter 7 : Sections 7.2, 7.3, 7.4

Chapter 15 : Section 15.2

UNIT 3 (15 hrs)

Partial Derivatives

Functions of several variables : Definition of function of n independent variables, Domains and ranges, Functions of 2 variables, Definition of interior and boundary points, Definitions of open, closed, bounded and unbounded regions in a plane.

Graphs, level curves, and contours of functions of 2 variables, Level curves, graph, surface, Functions of three variables, Level surface, Interior and boundary points for space regions, open and closed regions.

Limits and continuity in higher dimensions : Limits and continuity. Two path test for non-existence of limit, continuity of composites, Functions of more than two variables, Extreme values of continuous functions on closed and bounded sets.

Partial derivatives: Partial Derivative of a function of two variables, implicit partial differentiation, finding slope of a surface in the y -direction, Functions of more than two variables, Partial derivatives and continuity, Second Order partial derivatives, Mixed Derivative theorem, Partial Derivatives of still higher order, Differentiability: Increment theorem for functions of two variables, Differentiable function, corollary.

Chain Rule: Chain rule for functions of two and three independent variables- Functions defined on surfaces, Implicit differentiation, Exercise 14.4 on page 1003 : 1,

Text Book : Thomas' calculus, by Maurice D.Weir,Joel Hass and Frank R.Giordano,11th edition,Pearson publications,2008.

Chapter 5 : 14.1, 14.2, 14.3, 14.4

UNIT 4 (15 hrs)

Directional derivatives and Gradient vectors: Directional derivatives in the plane- Definition, Interpretation of the directional derivative, Gradient vector : Properties of the directional derivatives, Gradients and tangents to level curves, Rules for gradients, Gradients of functions of three variables.

Tangent planes and Differentials : Tangent planes and normal lines, Equation of a plane tangent to a surface, , Linearising a function of two variables, Definition of standard linear approximations, Differentials: Total differentials, Linearisation and total differentials of functions of more than two variables.

Extreme values and saddle points: Derivative tests for Local Extreme values:Local maxima and minima, First Derivative test for local extreme values, critical and saddle points, Absolute Maxima and Minima and closed bounded regions,

Constrained Maxima and Minima

Text Book : Thomas' calculus, by Maurice D.Weir,Joel Hass and Frank R.Giordano,11th edition,Pearson publications,2008.

Chapter 14 :Section 14.5, 14.6, 14.7, 14.8

UNIT 5 (14 hrs)

Lagrange's theorem, Euler's theorem, Fermat's theorem, Isomorphism, Klein 4- group, automorphism, Homomorphism, kernel of homomorphism, Normal subgroups, Subgroups of index 2.

Text Book: University Algebra By N.S. GopalakrishnanNew Age International Publishers (2009) .

Chapter 1 :Section1.6, 1.7, 1.8

Reference books:

- (1) Number Theory by H.S. Hall, S.R. Knight Maxford Books, 2008.
- (2) Calculus with Analytical Geometry by Louis Leithold, 5th edition, Harper and Row publisher, New York, 1986.
- (3) Topics in algebra by I.N. Herstein, 2nd edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2007.

IV Semester**MT251: Paper 4: Multiple Integrals, Complex Variables, Sequences and Series****72 hours; 6 hrs/week****Unit 1 (15 hrs)****Multiple Integrals**

Double integrals: Double Integrals over rectangles, Double Integrals as volume, The Fubini's Theorem (First Form), Double Integrals over bounded non-rectangular Regions, Fubini's Theorem (Stronger Form), Finding Limits of integration, Properties of double integrals. Reversing the order of integration, Volume beneath a surface.

Areas of bounded regions in plane : Definition of area, examples

Double integrals in Polar form : Integrals in Polar coordinates, Finding limits of Integration, Changing Cartesian Integrals into Polar Integrals.

Triple Integrals in Rectangular Coordinates: Volume of a region in space, Definition, Finding limits of integration, Properties of Triple Integrals.

Text Book: Thomas' calculus, by Maurice D. Weir, Joel Hass and Frank R. Giordano,

11th Edition, Pearson Publications, 2008.

Chapter 15: Section 15.1, 15.2, 15.3, 15.4

UNIT 2 (14 hrs)**Complex variables**

Polar and Exponential Forms, Powers and roots, Functions of a Complex variable, Limits, Continuity, Differentiability, Cauchy Riemann Equations, Analytic functions, Entire functions.

Text Book: Complex variables theory and applications II Edition by H.S. Kasana, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi(2008).

Chapter 1: Section 1.3, 1.4

Chapter 2: Section 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6

UNIT 3 (14 hrs)

Harmonic functions, Elementary functions: Exponential function, Trigonometric functions, Hyperbolic functions and Logarithmic functions. Complex integration – Contour integral.

Text Book: Complex variables theory and applications II Edition by H.S. Kasana, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi. (2008).

Chapter 2: Section 2.7

Chapter 3: Section 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6

Chapter 4: Section 4.1, 4.2

UNIT 4 (15 hrs)

Infinite Sequences and Series : Infinite Sequences : Definitions of infinite sequence, Convergence and Divergence, Limit, Definition of Divergence to Infinity, Calculating limits of sequences, Sandwich theorem for sequences, The Continuous Function Theorem for Sequences, Convergence of a sequence using L'Hospital's Rule, Theorem Bounded non decreasing sequences- Definitions of bounded non decreasing sequences, bounded sequences, Upper bound, Least upper bound.

Infinite Series : Definition of Infinite series, n^{th} term, partial sum, Convergence and sum of the series, Geometric series, n^{th} term test for divergence, , Combining Series,

Taylor's and Maclaurin's Series: Series representations, Definitions, Taylor and Maclaurin's series, Taylor Polynomials- Definition of Taylor polynomial of order n .

Taylor's Theorem: Taylor's formula.

Text Book: Thomas' calculus, by Maurice D. Weir, Joel Hass and Frank R. Giordano,

11th Edition, Pearson Publications, 2008.

Chapter 11: Section 11.1, 11.2, 11.8, 11.9

UNIT 5 (14 hrs)

Convergence/ Divergence tests for infinite series.

The integral Test: Non decreasing Partial sums: The Integral Test.

Comparison test: Limit Comparison test, **The Ratio and Root Tests**

Alternating series - absolute and conditional convergence: The Alternating Series Test, Leibnitz's Theorem, Absolute and conditional convergence, The Absolute Convergence Test- The Rearrangement Theorem for Absolutely Convergent series.

Text Book: Thomas' calculus, by Maurice D. Weir, Joel Hass and Frank R. Giordano,

11th Edition, Pearson Publications, 2008.

Chapter 11: Section 11.3, 11.4, 11.5, 11.6

Reference books:

(1) Calculus with Analytical Geometry by Louis Leithold, 5th edition, Harper and Row publisher, New York, 1986.

(2) Complex Variables and Applications by James Ward Brown and Ruel V. Churchill, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill Publications, 2003.

V Semester – Paper 5

MT301: Paper 5: Differential Equations and Ring Theory

60 hours; 5 hrs/week

Unit 1 (12 hrs)

Linear equation with constant coefficients: Definition, operator D , complementary function of a linear equation with constant coefficients.

Particular integral, General method of finding particular integral, Special methods for finding particular integral when RHS of the non-homogeneous Differential equation is of the form: (i) e^{ax} (ii) $\sin ax$ (iii) $\cos ax$ (iv) x^m

Text Book: Differential Equations: S.Narayanan Manicavachagom Pillay. Viswanathan (Printers and Publishers)PVT LTD 1985 Revised Ninth Edition.

UNIT 2 (12 hrs)

Special methods for finding particular integral when RHS of the non-homogeneous Differential equation is of the form e^{ax} where (i) $v = \sin ax$ (ii) $v = \cos ax$ (iii) $v = x^m$. Linear equations with variable coefficients.

Special methods to solve any second order equation:

i) Reduction to normal form ii) Change of independent variable. iii) Reduction of order iv) Variation of parameters

Text Book: i) Differential Equations: S Narayanan & Manicavachagom Pillay. Viswanathan (Printers and Publishers)PVT LTD 1985 Revised Ninth Edition.

ii) A short course in Differential equations: Earl D Rainville and Philip E Bedient(1969)

UNIT 3 (12hrs)

The Laplace transform: Definition, transforms of elementary functions, transforms of derivatives. Derivatives of transforms the gamma function periodic functions.

Inverse transforms: Definition, a step function, Convolution theorem, simple initial value problems. Application to spring problem, Vibration of a spring damped and undamped vibrations.

Text Book: A short course in differential equations: Earl D Rainville and Philip E. Bedient(1969).

UNIT 4 (12 hrs)

Ring Theory: Definition of Rings, Unit Element, Commutative Ring.

Integral domains: Zero divisors, Integral domain, Field, Division ring (Skew field), regular elements, Finite Integral domains, Center of a ring.

Ring Homomorphisms: Homomorphism and Kernel of a ring homomorphism.

Isomorphism: Isomorphism, Embedding

Ideals: Definition of ideals, Simple Rings, Left and right ideals, Sum and Product of two ideals.

Quotient rings: Definition, First Isomorphism Theorem.

Text Book: University Algebra by N. S. Gopalakrishnan- revised 2nd Edition
NewAge International(2009).

Chapter 2: Section 2.2., 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.7, 2.8

UNIT 5 (12 hrs)

Prime and Maximal Ideals Prime Ideals, Prime ideals in \mathbb{Z} , Maximal Ideals

Factorization: Divisibility, Associates, Irreducible elements, Prime elements, g.c.d., Relatively prime elements.

Euclidian Domain: Definition, Examples, Existence of g.c.d., Factorization Theorem.

Polynomial Rings: Polynomials, Polynomial rings, Degree of a polynomial, Constant polynomial, Irreducible polynomials.

Text Book: University Algebra by N. S. Gopalakrishnan- revised 2nd edition
NewAge International(2009).

Chapter 2: Section 2.9, 2.10, 2.11, 2.14

Reference books:

(1) Topics in Algebra by I. N. Herstein, 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2007.

(2) Differential Equations with Applications and programs by S. BalachandraRao and H. R. Anuradha, Universities Press(2009).

V Semester

MT302,Paper6a:Special Paper – DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

60 hours; 5 hrs/week

UNIT 1 (12 hrs)

Partially Ordered sets & Lattice Theory: Definition and examples of partially ordered sets. Lattices: Set theoretic & Algebraic definitions, Examples for lattices, Duality principle, Sub-lattices & Convex sub-lattices, Ideals of lattices, Complements & Relative complements, Homomorphism & Isomorphism, Distributive and Modular lattices, Characterization of distributive and modular lattices in terms of sub-lattices.

UNIT 2 (12 hrs)

Graphs and Planar Graphs: Introduction, Basic terminology, Multigraphs and Weighted graphs, Digraphs and relations, Representation of graphs, Operations on graphs, Paths and circuits, Graph traversals, Eulerian paths and circuits, Hamiltonian paths and circuits, Factor of a graph, Planar graphs, Graph colouring.

UNIT 3 (12 hrs)

Trees and Cut-sets :Trees, Rooted trees, Path lengths in rooted trees, Prefix codes, Spanning trees and cut-sets, Minimum spanning trees; Kruskal's Algorithm, Prim's Algorithm.

UNIT 4 (12 hrs)

Modeling Computation: Introduction, Russell's Paradox and Noncomputability, ordered sets, Languages, Phrase structure grammars, Types of grammars and languages, Basic concepts of Information processing

machine, finite state machines, Finite state machines as models of physical systems, Equivalent machines, Finite state machines as language recognizers.

Analysis of Algorithms: Introduction, Algorithms LARGEST1, LARGEST2, BUBBLESORT and LARGESMALL algorithms, Time complexity of algorithms, Tractable and Intractable problems.

UNIT 5 (12 hours)

Discrete numeric functions and Generating functions : Introduction, Manipulation of numeric functions, Asymptotic behaviour of numeric functions, Generating functions.

Recurrence relations and Recursive Algorithms: Introduction, Recurrence relations, Linear recurrence relation with constant coefficients, Homogeneous solutions, particular solutions.

Text Books :

[1] Elements of Discrete Mathematics 3rd edition by C.L. Liu, Tata Macgraw Hill Publishers(2008).

[2]Introduction to Lattice Theory by Gabor Szasz, Academic Press, New York and London, 1963.

Reference books

(1) Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science by J.P. Trembley and R. Manohar, TataMagrawHill Publishers.

(2) Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists by J. K. Truss, Pearson Education Asia.

V Semester

MT302,Paper6b:Special Paper – NUMERICAL ANALYSIS

60 hours; 5 hrs/week

UNIT 1 (12 hrs)

Applications and Errors in Computation:

Introduction, accuracy of numbers, errors, useful rules for estimating errors, error propagations, error in the approximation of a function. Errors in a series approximation.

Solutions of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations:

Introduction: Initial approximation, rate of convergence, Bisection method, method of false position or Regula-Falsi method, Iteration method, Newton Raphson method.

Chapter 1: Section 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7.

Chapter 2: Section 2.1, 2.5(1), 2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.10, 2.11

UNIT 2 (12 hrs)

Solution of Simultaneous Algebraic Equations:

Introduction to matrices- Definition, Special matrices, Operation on matrices, Related matrices, Rank of a matrix, Elementary transformations of a matrix, Equivalent matrix, Consistency of a system of linear equation, System of linear homogeneous equations.

Solution of linear homogeneous equations, Direct methods of solution – matrix inversion method, Gauss elimination method, Gauss-Jordan method.

Iterative methods of solution- Jacobi's iteration method, Gauss-Seidel iteration method.

Chapter 3: Sections 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5.

UNIT 3 (12 hrs)

Finite differences:

Introduction, Finite differences, differences of a polynomial, to find one or more missing terms.

Interpolation: Introduction, Newton's forward interpolation formula, Newton's backward interpolation formula, Interpolation with unequal intervals, Lagrange's interpolation formula.

Chapter 6: Sections 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.8.

Chapter 7: Sections 7.1,7.2,7.3,7.11, 7.12.

UNIT 4 (12 hrs)

Divided differences: Newton's divided difference formula, Inverse interpolation, Lagrange's method.

Numerical differentiation and integration: Numerical differentiation, Formulae for derivatives- Derivatives using forward difference formulae, Derivatives using backward difference formulae. Maxima and minima of a tabulated function.

Numerical integration: Newton cotes quadrature formulae, Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's one-third rule, Simpson's three-eighth rule.

Chapter 7: Sections 7.13,7.14,7.19, 7.20

Chapter 8: Sections 8.1,8.2,8.3,8.4,8.5

UNIT 5 (12 hrs)

Numerical Solution of Ordinary Differential Equations:

Introduction, Picard's method, Taylor's series method, Euler's method, Modified Euler's method, Runge-kutta method, Predictor-corrector methods, Adams-Bashforth method.

Chapter 10: Sections 10.1,10.2,10.3,10.4,10.5,10.7,10.8, 10.10.

Text Book: Numerical methods in Engineering and Science with programs in C, C++ by Dr. B .S. GREWAL, Ninth edition, April 2010, Khanna Publications, New Delhi.

Reference books:

- (1) Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis by S. S. Sastri, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall of India(2008).

VI Semester

MT351:Paper7:Partial Differential Equations, Fourier Series and Linear Algebra

60 hours; 5 hrs/week

UNIT 1 (12 hrs)

Total Differential equations and Partial differential equations, Criterion of integrability, Rule for integrating $Pdx + Qdy + Rdz = 0$, Solution of $Pdx + Qdy + Rdz = 0$.

Formation of partial differential equations by eliminating constants and by eliminating arbitrary functions. Lagrange's method of solving linear equations $Pp + Qq = R$.

Non-linear equations of the type:

- i) $F(p, q) = 0$ ii) a) $F(x, p, q) = 0$ b) $F(y, p, q) = 0$
 iii) $f_1(x, p) = f_2(y, q)$ iv) $x = px + qy + f(p, q)$

Text Book: Differential Equations: Narayanan & Manicavachagom Pillay, S. Viswanathan (Printers and Publishers) PVT LTD 1985 Revised Ninth Edition.

UNIT 2 (12 hrs)

Fourier Series

Introduction, Periodic functions, Euler's Formulae, Definite integrals. Dirichlet's conditions for a Fourier series expansion, Even and Odd functions, Half Range Series, Complex Fourier Coefficients, Finite Fourier Transforms.

Text Book: Differential Equations with Applications and Programs by S. Balachandra Rao and H. R. Anuradha, Universities Press (2009).

Chapter 15: Section 15.2, 15.3, 15.4, 15.5, 15.6, 15.8.

Unit 3 (12 hrs)

Linear Algebra

Vector Spaces : Properties, Subspaces Intersection of subspaces, LS -Subspace generated by a subset, Nature of elements of LS , Sum of subspaces, Direct sum of two subspaces, Characterization of direct sum, Direct sum of n subspaces.

Linear Dependence, Independence and Bases: Basis, Generating set, Linear independence, Minimal generating set, Dimension, Dimensions of subspaces, Dimension of a sum of subspaces.

Inner Product Spaces: Inner product, Norm, Schwarz inequality, Orthogonal vectors, Normal vectors, Orthonormal basis and linear independence of orthonormal sets, Existence of orthonormal basis in an inner product space, Orthogonal complements.

Text Book: University Algebra by Gopalakrisnan– 2nd revised edition, New Age International(2009)

Chapter 3: Section 3.2, 3.3, 3.4

Chapter 5: Section 5.11

Unit 4 (12 hrs)

Linear Transformations: Linear transformation, Kernel, Isomorphism, Isomorphism of $F^{\mathbb{N}}$ with any n-dimensional space, Quotient space, First Isomorphism Theorem, dimension of a quotient space, non-singular transformation, $L\left(V, \frac{V}{\square}\right)$, dimension of $L\left(V, \frac{V}{\square}\right)$.

Matrices: Identity, Idempotent, Nilpotent, Non-singular, Diagonal, Triangular and Block Matrices.

Matrices and Linear transformations: Matrix associated with a linear transformation, Isomorphism of $L\left(V, \frac{V}{\square}\right)$ with $M_{mm}(F)$, Matrix of a product of linear transformations, Relation between matrices of a Linear Transformation with respect to different bases, Similar matrices.

Rank: Row rank, Column rank, Rank of a matrix, Rank of a linear transformation, Rank of a composition of linear transformations, Rank of a product of matrices.

Text Book: University Algebra by Gopalakrisnan– 2nd revised edition, New Age International(2009)

Chapter 3: Section 3.5.

Chapter 5: Section 5.2, 5.3, 5.5

Unit 5 (12 hrs)

Elementary Row Operations: Elementary matrices, Non-singularity of elementary matrices, Inverse of an elementary matrix, Inverse of a matrix as a product of elementary matrices, Equivalent matrices.

Linear Equations: Homogeneous linear Equations, Condition for existence of non-trivial solutions, Non-homogeneous Equations, condition for existence of solutions and five conditions for the existence of a unique solution.

Minimal polynomial: Definition and existence of Minimal polynomial, Uniqueness, Minimal polynomial of non-singular matrices, minimum polynomial of similar matrices, Minimal polynomial of a transformation.

Characteristic roots: Characteristic roots of $f(A)$ for a polynomial f and matrix A , number of distinct Characteristic Roots, Characteristic polynomial of a matrix, Characteristic polynomial of similar matrices, Characteristic polynomial of a linear transformation, Cayley- Hamilton theorem, Characteristic polynomial of the transpose.

Text Book: University Algebra by Gopalakrishnan– 2nd revised edition, New Age International(2009)

Chapter 5: Section 5.5, 5.6, 5.8, 5.9

Reference books:

- (1) Topics in Algebra by I. N. Herstein.
- (2) A short course in Differential Equations by Earl D. Rainville and Philip E. Bedient.

VI Semester**MT352: Paper 8(a) Special Paper – Graph Theory**

60 hours; 5 hrs/week

Unit 1 (12 hrs)

Graph, finite, Infinite graphs, Incidence and degree, Isolated vertex, Pendent vertex, Null graph, Isomorphism, Sub-graphs, Walks, Paths, Circuits, Connected and disconnected graphs, Components, Euler graphs, Operation on

graphs, Hamiltonian paths, Circuits, Trees and some properties of trees, Rooted and binary tree, Spanning tree and fundamental circuits.

Section: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.7, 3.8

Unit 2 (12 hrs)

Cutsets, Properties, Fundamental cut sets, Connectivity, Separability, Planar graphs, Kuratowski's graphs, Different representation of planar graphs, Geometric dual

Section: 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.5, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.6

Unit 3 (12 hrs)

Ring sum of two circuits, Subspace, Orthogonal vectors, Matrix representation, Incidence matrix, Cutset matrix, Circuit matrix, Adjacency matrix.

Section: 6.1, 6.4, 6.5, 6.7, 6.8, 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, 7.6, 7.9

Unit 4 (12hrs)

Chromatic number and Chromatic polynomial.

Section: 8.1, 8.3

Unit 5 (12 hrs)

Directed graph, Types, Matrices in graphs, Enumeration of graphs, Counting labelled trees. Section: 9.1, 9.2, 9.4, 9.8, 10.1, 10.2

Text Book: Graph theory With Applications to Engineering and Computer Science by Narsingh Deo, PHI Learning Private Limited.

VI Semester

MT352: Paper 8(b) Special Paper – Linear Programming and its Applications
60 hours; 5 hrs/week

UNIT 1 (12 hrs)

Geometric Linear Programming: Profit Maximization and cost Minimization, Cost Minimization, Canonical forms for Linear Programming Problems, Polyhedral Convex sets.

The Simplex Algorithm : Canonical slack forms for Linear Programming Problems, Tucker Tableaus, Pivot Transformation, Pivot Transformation for Maximum and Minimum Tableaus, Simplex Algorithm for Maximum Basic Feasible Tableaus., Simplex Algorithm for Maximum Tableau.

Chapter 1: Section 1, 2, 3.

Chapter 2: Section 1, 3, 5.

UNIT 2 (12 hrs)

Negative Transposition: The Simplex Algorithm for Minimum tableaus.

Non-Canonical Linear Programming problems: Unconstrained variables, Equations of Constraint.

Duality Theory: Duality in Canonical Tableaus, Dual Simplex Algorithm, Matrix formulation of Canonical Tableaus, The Duality Equation.

Chapter 2: Section 7

Chapter 3: Section 1, 2

Chapter 4: Section 1, 2, 3, 4.

UNIT 3 (12 hrs)

The Duality Theorem: Duality in Non-Canonical Tableaus.

Matrix Games: Two Persons Zero Sum Matrix Game, Linear Programming Formulation of Matrix Games, The Von Neumann Minimax Theorem.

Chapter 4: Section 5, 6.

Chapter 5: Section 1, 2, 3.

UNIT 4 (12 hrs)

Transportation and Assignment Problem: The Balanced Transportation Problem, The Vogel Advanced Start Method (VAM), The Transportation Algorithm, Unbalanced Transportation Problems, The Assignment Problem, The Hungarian Algorithm.

Chapter 6: Section 1, 2, 3, 5, 6.

UNIT 5 (12hrs)

Network- Flow Problems: Graph Theoretic Preliminaries, The Maximal Flow Network Problems, The Max-Flow Min-Cut Theorem, The Maximal Flow Algorithm, The Shortest Path Network Problem- The Shortest Path Algorithm I.

Chapter 7: Section 1, 2, 3, 4

Text Book: Linear Programming and its Applications by James K Strayer, Narosa Publishing House, Springer International.

Model Question Paper

Credit Based **First Semester** B.Sc. Degree Examination,

MATHEMATICS

Number Theory and Calculus

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: **120**

Instructions:

- 1) Answer **any ten** questions from Part A.
- 2) Answers to Part A should be written in the **first few** pages of the main answer book.
- 3) Answer **five full** questions from Part B choosing one **full** question from each Unit.

PART – A

(3x10 = 30)

1. State division algorithm for numbers.
2. If $a \mid bc$ and $\gcd(a, b) = 1$, then prove that $a \mid c$.
3. State whether the following Diophantine equations can be solved or not
 - i) $6x + 51y = 22$
 - ii) $33x + 14y = 115$
4. Determine the point of inflection and concavity of the function $f(x) = x^{1/3}$.
5. Find the absolute maximum and absolute minimum of the function $f(x) = x^3 + 5x - 4$ in $[-3, 1]$.

6. Find the vertical asymptotes of the graph of the function $f(x) = \frac{4x^2}{x^2-9}$
7. Find the average value of the function $f(x) = -3x^2 - 1$ on $[0,1]$.
8. Use Leibnitz rule to find the derivative of $f(x)$ if $f(x) = \int_{1/x}^x \frac{1}{t} dt$
9. Find where the function $f(x) = 3 - \frac{3x}{2}$ on $[0,2]$ takes the Average Value in its domain.
10. Obtain the reduction formula for $\int (\ln x)^n dx$
11. Evaluate $\int \sin(\ln x) dx$
12. Using trapezoidal rule with $n=4$, find $\int_1^2 x^2 dx$.
13. State the equations that result in rotation of the coordinate axis in a Cartesian plane.
14. Find the angle of rotation for the conic $2x^2 + \sqrt{3}xy + y^2 - 10 = 0$ in order to remove the xy term.
15. State the discriminant test for determining the type of the conic by an equation $Ax^2 + Bxy + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0$.

PART B

UNIT- I

1. a) Given integers a and b no both of which are zeros prove that there exist x and y such that $\gcd(a,b) = ax + by$.
- b) If $a = qb + r$, prove that $\gcd(a,b) = \gcd(b,r)$.
- c) Prove that linear Diophantine equation $ax + by = c$ has solution if and only if $d \mid c$ where $d = \gcd(a,b)$ and if x_0 and y_0 are solutions, then prove that $x = x_0 + \frac{b}{d}t$ and $y = y_0 - \frac{a}{d}t$. (6+6+6)
2. a) Solve the Diophantine equation $172x + 20y = 100$.
- b) Prove that every positive integer $x > 1$ can be expressed as a product of

primes.

- c) A customer bought a dozen pieces of fruit- apples and oranges for \$1.32. If an apple costs 3 cents more than an orange, and more apples were purchased than oranges how many pieces of each kind were bought? (6+6+6)

UNIT – II

3. a) State and prove second derivative test for local maximum.
- b) A card board box manufacturer wishes to make open boxes from pieces of card board 12 in square by cutting equal squares from four corners and turning up the sides. Find the length of the sides of the square to be cut out to obtain a box of largest possible volume.
- c) If $f(x)=(1-2x)^3$ find the point of inflection of the graph of $f(x)$ and determine where the graph is concave upward and concave downward. (6+6+6)
4. a) A rectangular field is to be fenced off along the bank of a river; no fence is required along the river. If the material for the fence costs \$8 per running foot for the two ends and \$12 per running foot for the side parallel to the river, find the dimension of the field of largest possible area that can be enclosed with \$3600 worth of fence.
- b) Find all the asymptotes of the graph of the function $f(x)=\frac{x^2-8}{x-3}$.
- c) Sketch the graph of the function $f(x)=x^3-3x^2+3$. (6+6+6)

UNIT – III

5. a) If f is continuous at every point of $[a,b]$ and F is an antiderivative of f on $[a,b]$ then prove that $\int_a^b f(x) = F(b) - F(a)$.
- b) Find the area of the region under the line $y=x$ over the interval $[0,b], b>0$ using Riemann Sum.
- c) Find the upper sum obtained by dividing the interval into n equal subintervals and calculate the area under the curve $f(x) = x^2+1$ on $[0,3]$. (6+6+6)
6. a) If f is continuous on $[a,b]$ then at some point c in $[a,b]$, prove that

$$f(c) = \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) dx$$

- b) If f is continuous on $[a,b]$ prove that $F(x) = \int_a^x f(t) dt$ is continuous on $[a,b]$ and differentiable on (a,b) and show that $F'(x) = f(x)$.

- c) Find the derivatives of

i) $\int_1^{x^2} \cos t \, dt$ ii) $\int_0^x \sqrt{1+t^2} \, dt$ (6+6+6)

UNIT –IV

7. a) Obtain the reduction formula for $\int \cos^n x \, dx$ and hence find $\int \cos^3 x \, dx$.
 b) Evaluate $\int \sin^4 x \cos^4 x \, dx$
 c) Obtain the reduction formula for $\int \tan^n x \, dx$ and hence evaluate $\int \tan^5 x \, dx$ (6+6+6)

8. a) Derive the reduction formula for $\int \sin^n x \cos^m x \, dx$.
 b) Evaluate

i) $\int \frac{x^2+x+1}{(x^2+1)^2} dx$ ii) $\int e^{\sqrt{3x+9}} dx$

- c) Evaluate $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$ (6+6+6)

UNIT- V

9. a) Find the foci, vertices, centre and eccentricity of the ellipse $\frac{(x-4)^2}{16} + \frac{(y-3)^2}{9} = 1$
 b) Determine the expression for discriminant test for determining the type of a general second degree equation in x and y .
 c) Find new equation of the conic $2xy=9$ by rotating the axis through an angle of $\pi/4$ about the origin. (6+6+6)

10. a) Rotate the coordinate axis to change the equation $3x^2 + 2\sqrt{3}xy + y^2 - 8x + 8\sqrt{3}y = 0$ into an equation that has no xy term.

- b) Reduce the equation $2x^2 + \sqrt{3}xy + y^2 - 10 = 0$ to a standard form without xy and linear terms.
- c) Find centre, foci, vertices, asymptotes of the conic $2x^2 - y^2 + 6y = 3$.
(6+6+6)

Model Question Paper
 Credit Based **Second Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination,**
MATHEMATICS
Calculus, Group Theory and Differential Equations

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: **120**

- Instructions:**
1. Answer **any ten** questions from Part A.
 2. Answers to Part A should be written in the **first few** pages of the main answer book.
 3. Answer **five full** questions from Part B choosing one **full** question from each Unit.

PART – A

(3x10 =30)

1. Find a suitable value of c satisfying the conclusion of the Mean value theorem for the function $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$ on $\left[\frac{1}{2}, 2\right]$
2. Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sec x}{1 + \tan x}$
3. Find the Cartesian equation of the polar curve $r = \frac{5}{\sin \theta - 2 \cos \theta}$.
4. Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region between the curve.
5. Using the shell method, find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bound by the curves $x = \sqrt{y}$, $x = -y$ and the line $y = 2$.
6. Find the length of the curve, $x = 1 - t$, $y = 2 + 3t$, $-\frac{2}{3} \leq t \leq 1$.
7. If G is a group such that $a^2 = e$ for every $a \in G$, then show that G is abelian.
8. Give an example to show that the union of two subgroups may not be a subgroup.
9. Express the inverse of the cycle (1 2 4 5 3) as a product of transpositions.
10. Check for the exactness of the equation $(2xy + y)dx + (x^2 + x) dy = 0$.
11. Solve : $y' = x - 2y$.
12. Find the integrating factor of the equation $y(x + y)dx + (x + 2y - 1)dy = 0$
13. Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of curves $x^2 - y^2 = c$.
14. solve $x^2 p^2 - y^2 = 0$.
15. Solve : $y = px + p^3$

PART B**UNIT- I**

1. a) State and prove Rolle's theorem.

b) By using L'Hospital's rule evaluate :

$$(i) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{\sin x} - \frac{1}{x} \right)$$

$$(ii) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(x - \sqrt{x^2 + x} \right)$$

c) Find the area of the region that lies inside the circle $r = 1$ and outside the cardioid $r = 1 - \cos \theta$. (6+6+6)

2. a) Suppose functions f and g are continuous on $[a, b]$ and also suppose $g'(x) \neq 0$ throughout (a, b) . Then prove that there exists a number $C \in (a, b)$ such that

$$\frac{f'(c)}{g'(c)} = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{g(b) - g(a)}.$$

b) Graph the curve $r^2 = 4 \cos \theta$.

c) Find the length of the cardioid $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$. (6+6+6)

UNIT – II

3. a) Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region between the parabola $x = y^2 + 1$ and the line $x = 3$ about the line $x = 3$.

b) The region bounded the curve $y = \sqrt{4x - x^2}$, the x-axis, and the line $x = 2$ is revolved about the x-axis to generate a solid. Find the volume of the solid by using shell method.

c) If $c : x = f(t), y = g(t)$, $a \leq t \leq b$, where f' and g' are continuous but not simultaneously zero on $[a, b]$ and C is traversed exactly once as t increases from a to b , then derive the formula for the length of C in the form

$$L = \int_a^b \sqrt{[f'(t)]^2 + [f''(t)]^2} \, dt \quad (6+6+6)$$

4. a) Find the length of the asteroid $x = \cos^3 t$, $y = \sin^3 t$, $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$.
- b) The region bounded by the curve $y = \sqrt{x}$, the x-axis and the line $x = 4$ is revolved about the y-axis to generate a solid. Find the volume of the solid.
- c) The region bounded by the parabola $y = x^2$ and the line $y = 2x$ in the first quadrant is revolved about the y-axis to generate a solid. Find the volume of the solid. (6+6+6)

UNIT – III

5. a) Prove that a non-empty subset H of a group G is a subgroup if and only if whenever $a \in H$, $b \in H$, the product $ab^{-1} \in H$.
- b) Let H and K be subgroups of a group G . Then prove that HK is a subgroup of G if and only if $HK = KH$.
- c) Prove that every $\sigma \in S_n$, where S_n is the set of all permutations on n symbols, can be expressed as a product of disjoint cycles. (6+6+6)
6. a) Let H be a finite subset of a group G such that $a.b \in H$, $\forall a, b \in H$. Then prove that H is a subgroup of G .
- b) Let G be a finite group of order n . Then prove that G is isomorphic to a subgroup of S_n , where S_n is the set of all permutations on n symbols.
- c) Let H and K be finite subgroups of G such that HK is also a subgroup. Then prove that $O(HK) = \frac{O(H) \cdot O(K)}{O(H \cap K)}$. (6+6+6)

UNIT –IV

7. a) Solve : $(1 + y^2 + xy^2) dx + (x^2y + y + 2xy)dy = 0$.
- b) Solve : $y(y^3 - x)dx + x(y^3 + x)dy = 0$
- c) Solve : $(x + 2y - 4) dx - (2x + y - 5) dy = 0$. (6+6+6)

8. a) Solve : $(y - \cos^2 x) dx + \cos x dy = 0$
- b) Solve : $(4xy + 3y^2 - x)dx + x(x + 2y)dy = 0$
- c) Solve : $6y^2 dx - x(2x^3 + y) dy = 0$ (6+6+6)

UNIT- V

9. a) A thermometer reading 18°F is brought into a room, the temperature of which is 70°F . One minute later the thermometer reading is 31°F . Determine the temperature reading as a function of time and in particular, find the temperature reading 5 minutes after the thermometer is first brought into the form.
- b) Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of cardioides $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$.
- c) Solve the differential equation:
 $xp^2 - 3yp + 9x^2 = 0$, for $x > 0$. (6+6+6)
10. a) Solve the differential equations $xyp^2 + (x + y)p + 1 = 0$.
- b) A bacterial population B is known to have a rate of growth proportional to B itself. If between noon and 2 p.m, the population triples, at what time, no controls being exerted, should B become 100 times what it was at noon?
- c) Solve: $xy^{11} - (y^1)^3 - y^1 = 0$. (6+6+6)
